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Youth trains for the defense of the motherland. Komm. Vooruzh. Sil
46 no.9:69-75 My '65.

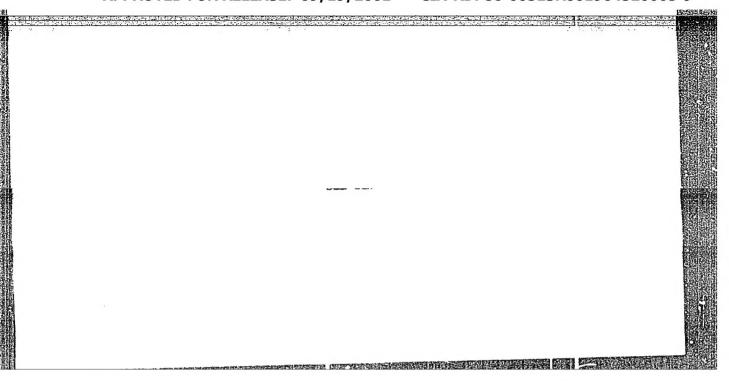
(MIRA 18:7)

1. Pervyy aekretar' TSentral'nogo komiteta Leninakogo kommunisticheskogo soyuza molodezhi Belorussii (for Zhabitskiy). 2. Pomoshchnik nachal'nika politicheskogo upravleniya Belorusskogo voyennogo okruga po komsomol'skoy rabote (for Zinchenko).

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[On amateur radio waves] Na molodezhnoi radiovolne. Moskva, Gos.kom-t po radioveshchaniiu i televideniiu, 1962. 47 p. (MTRA 17:4)

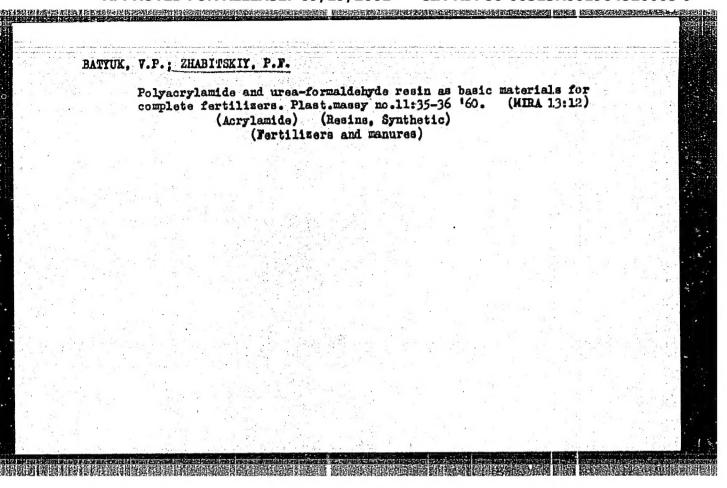
1. Sekretar' TSentral'nogo komiteta Leninskogo kommunisticheskogo soyuza molodezhi Belorussii (for Zhabitskiy). 2. Starshiy redaktor peredach dlya molodezhi Belorusskogo radio (for Dubinskiy)



KHOMENKO, A.D.; ZHABITS'KIY, P.F. [Zhabyts'kyi, P.F.]; RYABOKLYACH, V.O.

New types of mixed fertilizers containing trace elements.

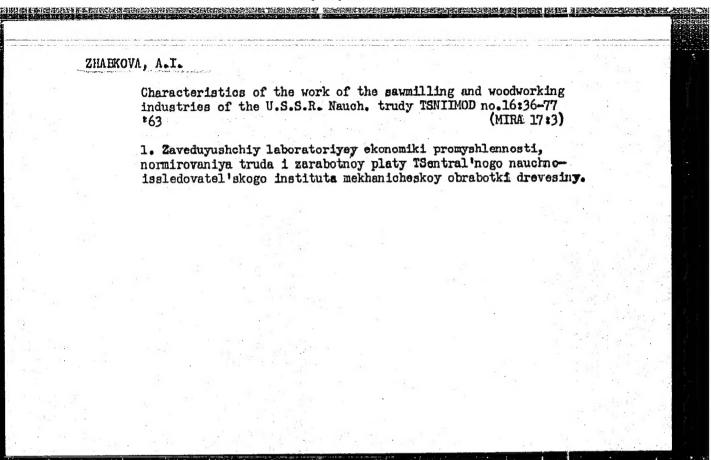
Khim. prom. [Ukr.] no.4:6-10 0-D'63. (MIRA 17:6)

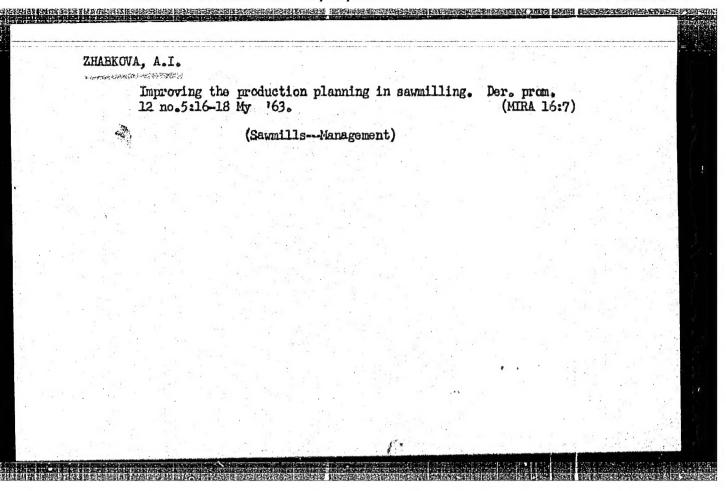


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Use of polyacrylamides for the improvement of the physicomechanical properties of superphosphates. Khim.prom. [Ukr.] no.1:32-34.

Ja-Mr '64. (MIRA 17:3)





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Treatment of some psychoses and neuroses with andaxin. Suvr. med. 13 no.6:26-31 '62.

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TEIKOV, Iv., M. BOYADZHIEVA, and A. ZHABLENSKI, Department of Psychiatry (Katedra po Psikhiatriya), Higher Medical Institute (Visshi Meditsinski Institut), Sofia.

"Psychiatric Treatment with Centrophenoxin (Lycidryl)."

Sofia, Suvremenna Meditsina, Vol 14, No 3, 1963, pp 39-45.

Abstract: /Authors' Russian summary modified/ The authors report on the treatment of 70 patients (41 in depressive states, 16 with neuroses, and 19 with organic illnesses of the central nervous system) with central nervous system) of the central nervous system) with centrophenoxin (lycidryl, ANP 235). The preparation is more effective with depressive states of organic origin. It favorably affects sleep, vegetative disturbances, and patients dispositions but does not eliminate conditions. The preparation should therefore be used in depressive states in combination with thymoleptics or in more severe cases with electric shock. In the treatment of neuroses, the 1/2/most favorable effect is achieved on neurastnehia,

BULGARIA

Sofia, Suvremenna Meditaina, Vol 14, No 3, 1963, pp 39-45 (continued).

especially when vegetosomatic complaints are predominant. There is also a beneficial effect on vegetative syndromes in traumatic brain disease, although the focal manifestations remain unaffected. The effect is also favorable in organic diseases of the central nervous system (brain arterioscelerosis, intoxications, etc.) which occur with dulled consciousness in varying degrees. Faster recovery of consciousness and a reduction in the duration of psychosis were noted in two cases of delirium tremens. The observed no radical side effects or complications. Sixteen Western references of recent date.

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(MAGNESIUM SULFATE ther)

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"Heterdyne Wave Meter."

p. 34 (Radio I Televiziia, Vol. 7, No. 6, 1958, Sofiia, Bulgaria)

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BABOKIN, I.A., redaktor; BALBACHAN, Ya.I, redaktor; BARABANOV, F.A.,
redaktor; BUCHNEV, V.K., redaktor; VLADIMIRSKIY, V.V., redaktor;
redaktor; BUCHNEV, V.K., redaktor; VLADIMIRSKIY, V.V., redaktor;
GRIGOR'YEV, S. Ye., redaktor; DOKUKIN, A.V., redaktor; ZHABO, V.V.
redaktor; ZADIMIDKO, A.N., redaktor; ZAITSEV, A.P., redaktor;
IL'ICHEV, A.S., redaktor; KAGAN, V.Ya., redaktor; KRASNIKOVSKIY,
G.V., redaktor; KRASOZOV, I.P., redaktor; KRIVONOGOV, K.K.,
redaktor; LALAYANTS, A.M., redaktor; MOGILEVSKIY, N.M., redaktor;
ONIKA, D.G., redaktor; OSTROVSKIY, S.B., redaktor; OSTROVSKIY,
S.M., redaktor; PEYSAKHOVICH, G.I., redaktor; POCHENKOV, K.I.,
redaktor; SIHYACHENKO, F.N.; redaktor. SKOCHINSKIY, A.A., redaktor;
STUGAREV, A.S., redaktor; SKOHKIN, K.I.; SKURAT, V.K., redaktor;
N.M.; redaktor; TSYPKIN, V.S., redaktor; SHEVYAKOV, L.D., redaktor;
SHELKOV, A.A., redaktor; ANDREIEV, G.G., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

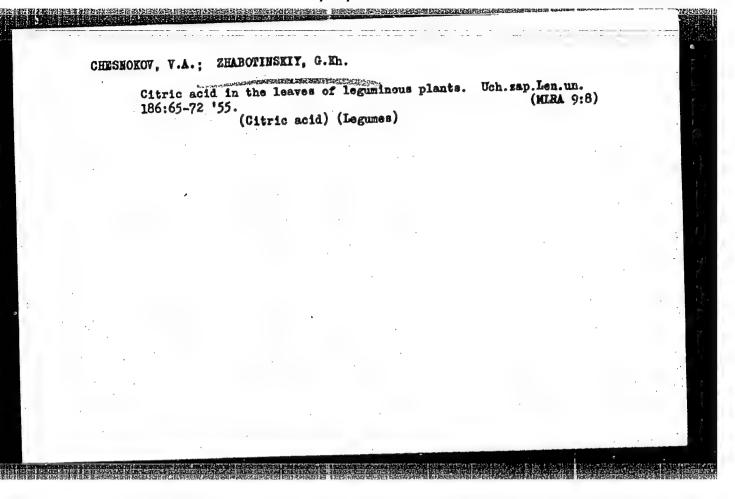
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(WATER SUPPLY

sanitary protection of water reservoirs in Russia)

(SANITATION

same)

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"Method of Determination of the Size of Colloidal Paricles," Koll Z, 2, 6, 1913.

ZHAEOTINSKIY, Yuliy Mikhaylovich; SUKHOV, Yu.Z., red.

[Normal and pathological morphology of the neuron] Normal naia i patologicheskaia morfologiia neirona. Leningrad, Meditsina, 1965. 322 p. (MIRA 18:10)

ZHABOTINSKAYA, L.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk. Norms for designing the profile and plan of narrow-gauge railroads. Transp. stroi. 6 no.8:24 Ag '56. (MLRA 9:10) (Railroads, Narrow-gauge)

USSR/Medicine - nutrition

FD-3056

Card 1/1

Pub. 141 - 2/23

Author

: Yakovlev, N. N. and Zhabotinskaya, O. P.

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Title

The effect of administering a vitamin complex (A, B1, B2, PP, C, and D) on work capacity and carbohydrate metabolism during muscular

activity

Periodical : Vop. pit., 9-15, May/June 1955

Abstract

: Systematic and prolonged administration of the above vitamin complex to white rats results in raising the work capacity and hastening the re-establishment of glycogen reserves during rest. This effect is increased when a large amount of the vitamins is given, although a "ceiling" is reached at a certain level. In order to raise the work capacity of an athlete, the complex must be accompanied with a daily dose of 250 mg of ascorbic acid. The increased work capacity is more apparent during prolonged exertion.

42 references (26 USSR; 27 since 1940); five tables.

Institution

Department of Biochemistry (Head - Prof. N. N. Yakovlev) Sci-Res

Inst of Physical Culture, Leningrad

Submitted

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[Methodological handbook on the calculation of bridge passages] Metodicheskoe posobie k raschetam po mostovomu perekhodu. Pod obshchei red. G.D.Voznesenskogo. Novosibirsk, 1963. 14 p. (MIRA 17:5)

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ZHABOTINSKAYA, L.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; GADEVAL'DT, V.V., inzh. (Novosibirsk)

Nore about the effectiveness of lengthening tracks in railroad

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yards. Zhel. dor. transp. 40 no.9:38-39 S '58. (NIRA 11:10)

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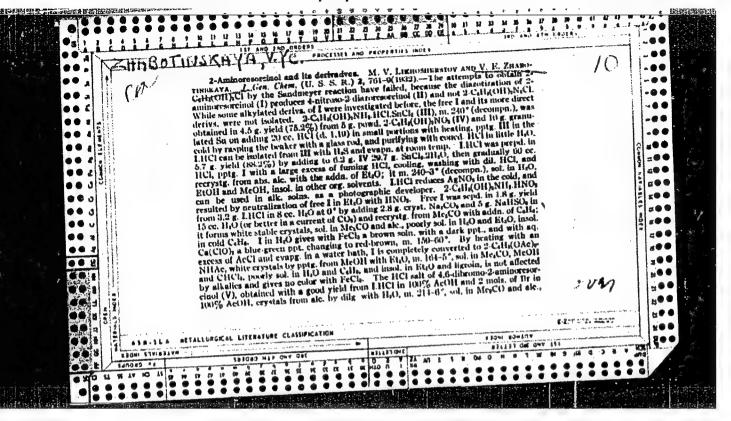
Merkulov, I. I., Zhabotinskaya, R. M., and Medresh, E. T. - "Emperience in using ossocalcinol in certain cyc infections", Uchon. zapiski (Ukr. nauch.-issled. in-t oftalmologii in. prof. Girshmana), Vol. V, 1948, p. 47-52.

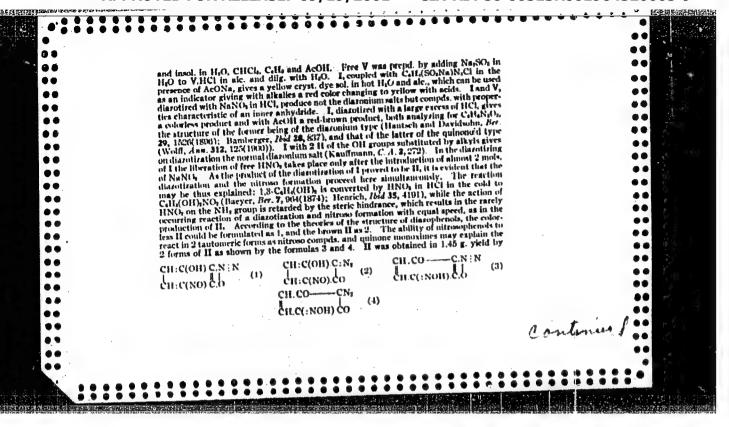
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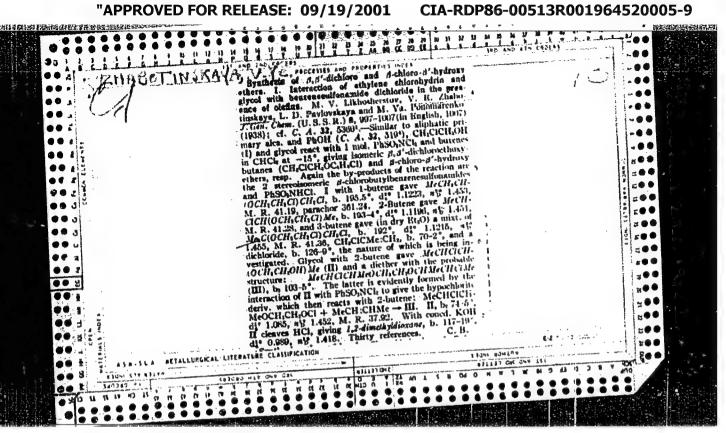
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SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 8, 1949).

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ZHABOTINSKIY, A.M.; MALENKOV, A.G.; YASINOV, N.M.; GUSSAK, L.A.; SHABAD, L.M.

Content of cancerogenic and toxic combustion products in exhaust gases of combustion engines with spark and antichamber-torch ignition. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. biol. no.6:908-912 N-D '64.

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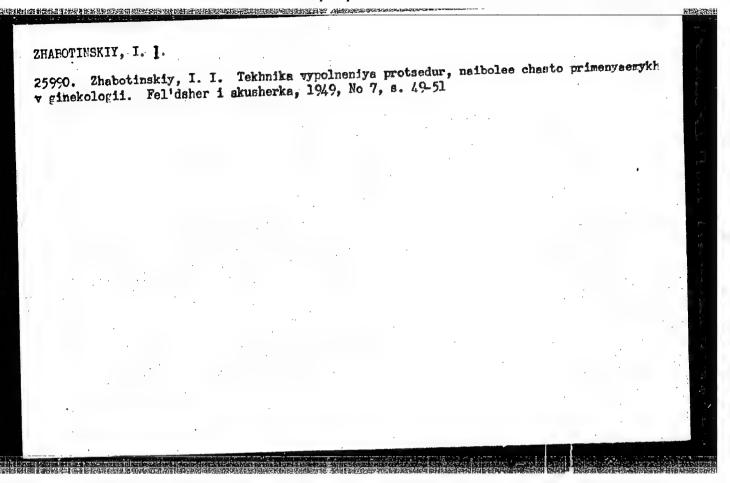
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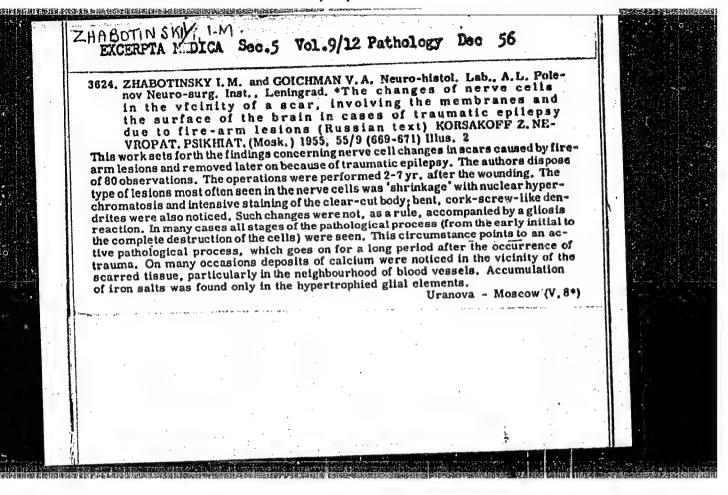
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KOZLOVSKIY, N.I.; ABOIMOV, P.S.; STARTSEVA, G.B.; KRIVONOSOVA, P.B.;
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Improving the technology of producing electrical steel. Stal!
22 no.4:343-346 Ap 162. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Verkh-Isetskiy metallurgicheskiy zavod. (Steel-Electric proporties)



ZHABOTINSKAYA, L.A., kand. tekhn.nauk (Novosibirsk); LAZEBNIKOV, Yu.S., kand. tekhn.nauk (Novosibirsk)

Reprinted errors. Zhel.dor.transp. 46 no.11:94-95 N *64.

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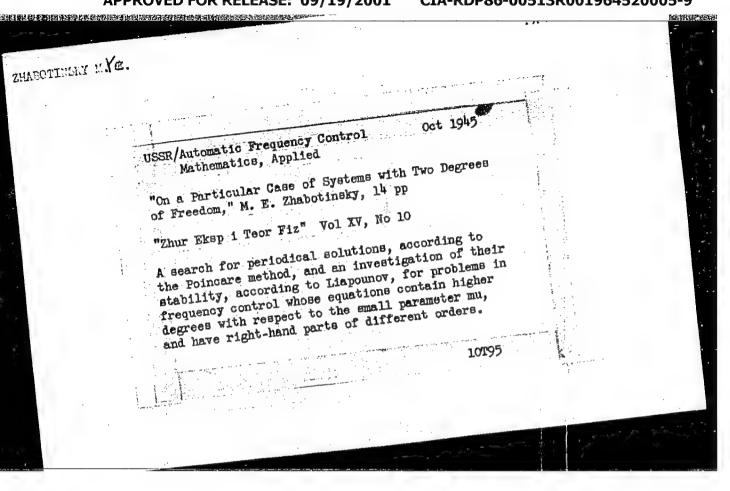
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1. Uchenyy sekretar' biologo-pochvennogo fakul'teta Leningradskogo ordena Lenina gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni A.A. Zhdanova.

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ZHABOTINSKIY, M. Ye.

PA 19T13

USSR/Frequency Stabilization

Jun/Jul 1946

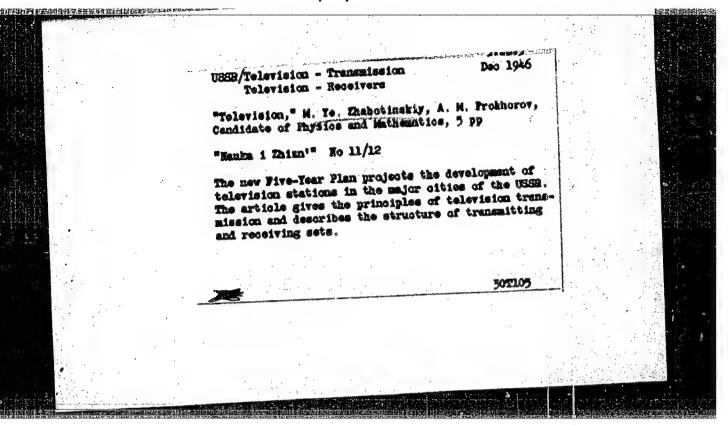
Frequency control

"The Theory of Frequency Stabilization," M. Ye. Zhabotinskiy, 19 pp

"Radiotekhnika" Vol I, No 3/4

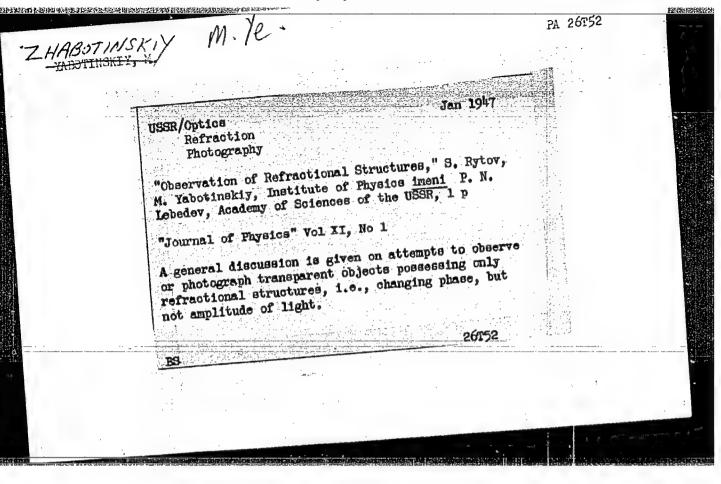
Simple methods for the investigation of the problem of frequency control. Pierce's circuit, the "Zihen" circuit, and the anode resistance circuit are considered, and formulae given for calculating the stabilized frequency of these circuits. Conclusions may be applied in design of frequency controlled oscillators.

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USSR/Fourier Analysis
Equations, Differential

"Concerning the Fourier Solution of Nonlinear Differential Equations with Partial Derivatives,"

M. E. Zhabotinckiy

"Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR" Vol LVI, No 5

Method of solving problems in vibration, where the nonlinear and dissipative members are small and have the same order of smallness comparatively with some small parameter and the members do not contain small parameters.

9742

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001964520005-9

ZHABOTINSKIY, M. YE.

USSR/Radio
Radio Waves - Propagation
Ionosphere

"Session of the All-Union Scientific Council on
Radio Physics and Radio Engineering of the Division
of Physical and Mathematical Sciences of the Academy
of Sciences USGR," M. Ye. Zhabotinskiy, 4 pp

"Iz Ak Nauk SSSR, Ser Fir" Vol XII, No 2

Session of 8-12 Dec 1947 devoted to questions of
solar radio emanations, propagation of radio waves,
and investigation of ionosphere. Gives summary of
seach of 20 papers read on above topics.

697100

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37185. Atomnaya energiya. V sb: Nauka i Zhizn' M., 1949, s. 419-38.

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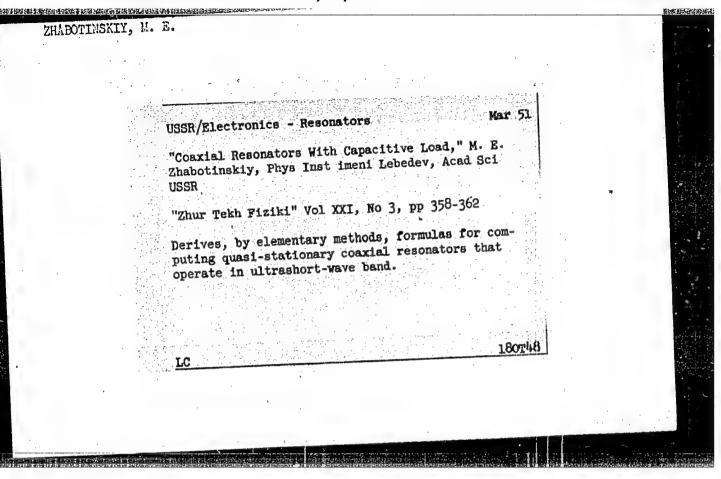
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ZHABOTINSKIY, M. Ye.

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USSR/Electr Sci Radio" No "Radio" No States that 1932 and Sc scribed dev stream was ing use of frequency i frequency i stron oscil Reflex klyr	USSE/ELOC CELVETS SPECTFO LLY Of	M "XINSUITOBAHZ"
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USSR/Physics - Fluctuations in nonlinear oscillator FD-727 : Pub 146-15/18 Card 1/1 Zhabotinskiy, M. Ye. Author : Fluctuations in a generator with inertial nonlinearity Title : Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz., 26, 758-759, Jun 1954 Periodical : Letter to the editor. Results of analysis of effect of random distortions on a self-excited oscillating system in which the stationary Abstract amplitude is determined by a nonlinear inertia. Indebted to Prof G. S. Gorelik and Prof S. M. Rytov. 4 references, including 1 American. : Physics Institute imeni Lebedev, Acad Sci USSR Institution February 6, 1954 Submitted

ZHABOTINSKIY, M. E. USSN/Tech Physics

THE PROPERTY OF PERSONS ASSESSED.

Card 1/1

Authors

: Zhabotinskiy, H. E. and Idsichkin, D. A.

Title

: Quartz generators with a negative feedback and inertia non-linearity

Periodical : Dokl. AN SSSR 95, 6, 1197 - 1200, 21 Apr 1954

Abstract

: Due to the non-linear characteristics of tubes and to the direct effect of the circuit on a quartz oscillator, frequencies generated by the latter usually deviate from the resonant ones. Some theoretical work has been done, intended to improve the situation, however, so far it has succeede only in the stabilization of the amplitudes. The authors of this article give a brief theory on how the frequencies generated by a quartz oscillator can be stabilized.

Institution : P. N. Lebedev Phys. Inst. of the Acad. of Scs. of the USSR

Submitted 12 Feb 1954

Subject

: USSR/Chemistry

AID P -3162

Card 1/1

Pub. 119 - 4/7

Author

: Zhabotinskiy, N. Ye. (Moscow)

Title

: Radium spectroscopy and molecular structure

Periodical

: Usp. khim., 6, 730-758, 1955

Abstract

: A review is given of the development of radiation spectroscopy and its application to determine the structure of molecules. The general principles for determining molecular structure with the aid of spectroscopic data and the rotational spectra of molecules are discussed in some detail. Three diagrams, 9 tables, addendum (with 115 non-Russian references). 19 references, 9 Russian:

1913-1954.

Institution : None

Submitted 1 No date

> CIA-RDP86-00513R001964520005-9" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

ZHABOTINSKI (MIKE. USSR/Electronics - Klystrons

Card 1/1

Pub 90-3/11

Author

Irisova, N. A., Zhabotinskiy, M. Ye., Veselago, V. G.

Title

Frequency stabilization of a three-centimeter klystron with the sid

of a spectrum line

Periodical: Radiotekhnika, 10, 26-35, Apr 55

Abstract : A system for stabilizing klystron oscillator frequencies with the aid of the absorption spectrum line of some gas is explained. Gases used for this purpose should have an absorption line which is resonant with the frequency of waves generated by klystrons (centimeter and millimeter). The most effective absorption lines in the centimeter frequency range are those of ammonia gas. Frequency stabilization can be carried either in the region of the fundamental spectrum line, or in the region of its second and third harmonics. Theoretical analysis of this system, basic formulas for calculations; and the characteristics of the experimental model are discussed. The research was conducted at the Physics Institute, Academy of Sciences USSR in 1950-1951. M. A. Leontovich and A. M. Prokhorov are given thanks for advice.

Institution:

Submitted

June 1, 1954

ZHABOTINSKIY, M.Ye. (Moskva)

Formation of signals with median frequencies. Izv.AN SSSR. Otd.tekh. nauk no.11:140-141 N 155. (NLRA 9:2)

1. Institut radiotekhniki i elektreniki AN SSSR. (Radio frequency modulation)

LAMBOT, NSA: Y, ALE

USSR/Electronics - Frequency Stabilizers

FD-2224

Card 1/1

Pub 90-4/12

Author

Title

: Barchukov, A. I., Vasil'ev, G. A., Zhabotinskiy, M. E., Osipov. B. D.

Electromechanic klystron frequency stabilizer

Periodical:

Radiotekhnika, 10, 29-32, Mar 1955

Abstract

: The article describes results of testing an electromechanic klystron frequency stabilizer developed by the authors at the Physics Institute imeni P. N. Lebedev of the Academy of Sciences USSR in 1951. The aim of this research was to develop a stabilizer simple in construction and operation, which could also provide an easy means for the klystron frequency changes. To attain these prerequisites in a single block, the functions of cavity resonator and the discriminator were unified, and the modulation of resoment frequency of the cavity-resonator wavemeter was executed by means of a

movable membrane.

Institution:

Physics Institute imeni P. N. Lebedev, Academy of Sciences USSR

Submitted : 16 Apr 1954

ZHABOTYNSKIY, M.Ye., (Moskva)

Radiospectroscopy and the molecule structure. Usp.khim.24 no.6:
730-758 '55. (MIRA 9:1)

(Microwave spectroscopy) (Molecules)

ZHABOTINSKIY, M. VE. USSR/Electronics - Regeneration

FD-1830

Card 1/1

Pub 146-15/25

Author

: Basov, N. G.; Veselago, V. G.; Zhabotinskiy, M. Ye.

Title

Increase in the quality of the volume resonator by means of regeneration

Periodical: Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 28, 242, February 1955

Abstract

: In connection with the possibility with the construction of a molecular oscillator (N. G. Basov and A. M. Prokhorov, ibid. 27, 431, 1954; Gordon, Zeiger, Townes, Phys. Rev. 95, 282, 1954) the problem arose concerning the essential enhancement of the quality of volume resonators, one of the methods to be used being the creation of superconducting volume resonators (M. S. Khaykin, DAN SSSR, 75, 661, 1950) and another method being the use of the method of regeneration well known in low-frequency radio range (G. Barkhausen, Elektronnyye lampy, Moscow, 1938). The authors conducted experiments using a volume resonator with goodness Q=4·104 in a circuit of positive feedback with a microwave amplifier. They increased the effective goodness to 3.106.

Institution: Physics Institute im. F. N. Lebedev, Academy of Sciences USSR

Submitted : November 4, 1954

ZHABOTINSKIY, M. Ye., Cand. of Physical and Mathematical Sciences.

"Semiconducting devices, radiospectroscopy and induction heating." a chapter in the book Radio and Electronics and Their Technical Applications., By A. I. Berg, et al. Moseow 1956.

Summory of chapter 1071291

是我们还没有10个时间的1000mm。 第二章

ZHAROTINSKIY, M. YE.

"Concerning the Effect of a Sweep Frequency Signal on a Linear Resonance System," pp 3-12, ill, 17 ref

Abst: The purpose of the article is an approximate study of the reaction of linear systems on a signal with sweep frequency. The suggested method of investigation leads to results which are sufficient for many practical cases and which avoid massive computations.

SOURCE: Trudy Fizicheskogo In-ta im. P. N. Lebedev (Works of the Physics Institute imeni P. N. Lebedev), Volume 8, Moscow, Publishing House of the Academy of Sciences USSR, 1956

Sum 1854

ZHABOTINSMIY, M.YE.

Category : USSR/Electronics - Semiconductor devices and photoelements

H-8

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 1, 1957, No 1734

Author

: Zhabotinskiy, M.Ye. : Scientific-Technical Conference on Semiconductor Devices Title

Orig Pub : Radiotekhnika i elektronika, 1956, 1, No 1, 124-125

Abstract : Brief contents of the papers delivered at the conference, devoted to

problems of the development and introduction of semiconductor devices,

held on 10-12 October 1955 in Moscow.

CIA-RDP86-00513R001964520005-9" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001964520005-9

I-7

Category: USSR/Radiophysics - Radio-wave reception

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 1, 1957, No 1933

characterize them from the point of view of operating effectiveness. It is proposed to characterize the limiter by means of a parameter that makes it possible to determine readily the optimum mode. It is proposed to introduce neutralization of the transfer capacitance. The experimental data cited are in agreement with the theoretical ones.

Card : 2/2

(MLRA 9:12)

BAZAROV, Ye.N., ZHABOTINSKIY, M.Ye. Frequency division in a reflex klystron. Radiotekh. i elektron. 1 no.5:680-681 My '56.

1. Institut Radiotekhniki i elektroniki Akademii nauk SSSR. (Klystrons)

ZHABOTINSKIY, M.Ye.; SVERCHKOV, Ye.I.

Measuring small phase angles. Prib.i tekh.eksp.no.3:74-76 N-D '56.

(MLRA 10:2)

1. Institut radiotekhniki i elektroniki AN SSSR. (Electronic instruments)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001964520005-9

ZHABOTINSKIY, M. V. USSR / Radiophysics. General Problems.

I=1

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 5, 1957, No 12413

Author

Radunskaya, I., Zhabotinskiy, M.

Inst

. Not given

Title

: New Trends in Radio Electronics.

Orig Pub

: Oktyabr', 1956, No 9, 154-162

Abstract

: Popular article, devoted to radio astronomy, radio spectroscopy, and semiconductor devices.

Card

: 1/1

CIA-RDP86-00513R001964520005-9" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

AUTHOR: Zhabotinskiy, M.Ye. and Bazarov, Ye.N.

"Frequency Conversion in a Reflex Klystron,"
A-U Sci Conf dedicated to "Radio Day," Moscow, 20-25 May 1957.

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika i Elektronika, Vol. 2, No. 9, pp. 1221-1221, 1957, (USSR)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001964520005-9

ZHABOTINSKIY.

109-10-13/19

AUTHORS:

Vasneva, G. A., Gaygerov, B. A., Grigor'yants, V. V.,

Yelkin, G. A., and Zhabotinskiy, M. Ye.

TITLE:

Phase-lock Automatic Frequency Control of Klystrons by means of a Molecular Oscillator (Fazovaya avtopodstroyka

klistrona po moldulyarnomu generatoru)

PERIODICAL:

Radiotekhnika i Elektronika, 1957, Vol. II, No. 10,

p. 1300 (USSR)

The frequency of a 2.5 cm, 10 mW klystron was stabilised by means of a molecular oscillator. A second harmonic of the ABSTRACT: klystron and the signal of the molecular oscillator were applied signal was applied to a phase detector. A signal from a quartz stabilised oscillator, operating at 50 Mc/s, was also fed to the detector. The output voltage of the detector was applied to the reflector of the klystron, as a result of which the klystron had a pull-in banwidth of 0.15 Mc/s and a synchronisation bandwidth of 0.5 Mc/s. There are 6 references, 5 of which are Slavic.

ASSOCIATION: The Institute of Radio-engineering and Electronics

ac.Sc. USSR (Institut radiotekhniki i elektroniki AN SSSR)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001964520005-9

- ZHABOTINSKIY, M. JE

108-10-9/11

Dzhigit, I.S., Zhabotinskiy, M.Ye.,

Ordinary Members of the

AUTHORS:

Society

TITLE:

Some New Branches of Radio-Electronics (Nekotoryye novyye razdely

radioelektroniki)

PERIODICAL:

Radiotekhnika, 1957, Vol. 12, Nr 10, pp. 85 - 93 (USSE)

ABSTRACT:

The following branches have been newly developed and finally formed: radio navigation, radio-spectroscopy, radio-meterology, radio-remote-control, radio-astronomy, radio-relay-connection and many others. Here the development of radio-astronomy and radio-spectroscopy is described shortly. At the borderlines of three sciences (astronomy, physics and radio engineering) radioastronomy greatly extends the possibilities for the investigation of the universe by means of methods not accessible to optical astronomy. Two methods are used in radio-astronomy: the observation of the radio-radiation of the celestal bodies themselves, and the reception of the radio-waves transmitted from the earth and reflected from the objects observed. The following institutes in the USSR are concerned with the investigation of meteors: The Institute for Physics and Geophysics of the

card 1/2

108-10-9/11

Some New Branches of Radio-Electronics

Turkmenian AN under the direction of I.S. Astapovich, the Astronomic Observatory in Kazan under the direction of K.V. Kostyrev, and the Observatory of Stalingrad (Tadzhikistan). The Institute for Physics of the AN USSR has two radio-telescopes with reflectors of 18 m x 8 m and two fixed parabolic mirrors of a diameter of 30 m on the Crimean peninsula. In the Armenian republic radio-telescopes with a surface of some thousand square lic radio-telescopes with a surface of some thousand square meters are built in the Astrophysical Observatory in Byurakan for the observation of discreet sources of radio-radiation withfor the observation of discreet sources of radio-radiation within the range of meter waves. In the astronomic main observatory of the USSR there is the greatest radio-telescope of the world for the range of centimeter waves. It is designed for the observation of the sun. A survey of the works of N.G. Basov and servation of the sun. A survey of the works of N.G. Basov and servation of radio waves is given. There are 15 Slavic references.

SUBMITTED:

August 12, 1957

ASSOCIATION:

Naucimo-tekhnicheskoye obshchestvo radiotekhniki i elektrosvyazi

im. A.S. Popova

AVAILABLE: Card 2/2 Library of Congress

ZHABOTINSKIY, Kark Jefremovich, kand. fiz.-mat. nauk; RAIUNSKAYA, Irina Livovna, inzh.; FAYNBOYM, I.B., red.; TROFINOVA, A.V., tekhn. red.

[Language of molecules] IAzyk molekul, Moskva, Izd-vo "Znanie," 1958.
30 p. (Vsesoiuznoe obshchestvo po rasprostraneniiu politicheskikh
i nauchnykh znanii. Ser. 8, vyp. 2, no.4).
(MIRA 11:8)
(Molecules)

9(3,4); 24(5)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

sov/3277

Zhabotinskiy, Mark Yefremovich

- Molekulyarnyye generatory i usiliteli (Molecular Generators and Amplifiers)
 Moscow, Gosenergoizdat, 1958. 47 p. (Series: Massovaya radiobiblioteka,
 no. 311) 35,000 copies printed.
- Editorial Board: A.I. Berg, F.I. Burdeynyy, V.A. Burlyand, V.I. Vaneyev, Ye.N. Genishta, I.S. Dzhigit, A.M. Kanayeva, E.T. Krenkel', A.A. Kulikovskiy, A.D. Smirnov, F.I. Tarasov, and V.I. Shamshur; Ed.: P.O. Chechik (Deceased); Tech. Ed.: N.I. Borunov.
- PURPOSE: The booklet is intended for radio amateurs and other persons having fundamental knowledge of physics and radio engineering.
- COVERAGE: The author presents in a popular form the principles of quantum physics and radio engineering and outlines the fundamentals of design of molecular generators and amplifiers. He also gives a brief historical review of the development of that new field of science and of its applications. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

C-11/0

ZHABOTINSKIY, M. YE., ZIL'BERMAN, P. YE.

"The Fluctuations in Quartz Oscillators."

Devoted to the analysis of three circuits, taking into consideration shot and thermal noise influences. The results obtained by the investigators showed that the natural line width of such an oscillator is smaller by approximately two orders compared to an ordinary oscillator.

report presented at the 1st All-Union Conference on Statistical Radio Physics, Gor'kiy, 13-18 October 1958. (Izv. vyssh urhev zaved-Radiotekh., vol. 2, No. 1, pp 121-127) COMPLETE card under SIFOROV, V. I.)

BAZAROV, YE. N., ZHABOTINSKIY, M. YE. (-IREAN, Moscow)

"Fluctuations in a Reflex Klystron."

Investigated theoretically the fluctuations during synchronized operation with second order resonance and overtone synchronization. They also investigated self-oscillator fluctuations at an arbitrary transit angle.

report presented at the 1st All-Union Conference on Statistical Radio Physics, Gor'kiy, 13-18 October 1958. (Izv. vyssh uchev zaved-Radiotekh., vol. 2, No. 1, pp 121-127) COMPLETE card under SIFOROV, V. I.)

SOV-120-58-1-25/43

AUTHORS: Grigor'yants, V. V. and Zhabotinskiy, M. Ye.

The Design and Construction of Thermostats of High Accuracy (Raschet i konstruirovaniye termostatov vysokoy

tochnosti) PERIODICAL: Pribory i Tekhnika Eksperimenta, 1958, Nr 1,

pp 106-109 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A thermostat is defined as a system with automatic regulation. Two methods of Tegulating temperature are known: continuous and discontinuous. The discontinuous temperature control has been sufficiently well studied (Refs.1, 2). However, only one paper (Ref.3) has so far appeared on the continuous temperature control. A schematic diagram of a continuous action thermostat is given in Fig.1. The thermo-stat works as follows: the bridge is balanced at the working temperature T . At the same time the furnace produces power P which ensures that this internal temperature is while the external temperature remains Text inside the thermostat changes, the temperature To Text Card 1/3

SOV-120-58-1-25/43

The Design and Construction of Thermostats of High Accuracy.

also changes and this leads to unbalance of the bridge. This appears as a signal at the input of the amplifier, is amplified, and then applied to the circuit which controls the power dissipated in the furnace. In this way any change in temperature may be compensated. Although the temperature is thus re-established, nevertheless, a small error is introduced and this depends on the construction and the parameters of the thermostat. An expression for this relation is der-The power produced in the furnace consists of three parts: one part is used up in maintaining the temperature difference To - Text , the second part is used up in heating up the furnace, and the third enters the working volume, heats it and is partly transmitted to the bridge which also warms up. The accuracy of the regulation and the stability of the system is then considered and expressions are derived to represent them. Using these relations it is possible to obtain optimum values for the thermostat parameters. Using these values a thermostat has been constructed which gives a constant temperature to within ±0.001°C. The electrical circuit is shown in detail in Fig.2. G. P. Barykin is

Card 2/3

SOV-120-58-1-25/43

The Design and Construction of Thermostats of High Accuracy.
thanked for his co-operation. There are 2 figures and 3 references, of which 2 are Soviet and 1 is English.

ASSOCIATION: Institut radiotekhniki i elektroniki AN SSSR (Institute of Radio Engineering and Electronics, Academy of Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: April 5, 1957.

1. Thermostats-Design 2. Thermostats-Performance 3. Thermostats-Circuits

Card 3/3

VASNEVA, G.A.; GRIGOR'YANTS, V.V.; ZHABOTINSKIY, M.Ye.; KLYSHKO, D.N.; SVERDLOV, Yu.L.; SVERCHKOV, Ye.L.

Circuit for comparing the frequencies of quartz and molecular oscillators. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; radiofiz. 1 no.2:185-187 '58. (MIRA 11:11)

1. Institut radiotekhniki i elektroniki AN SSSR. (Oscillations)

109-3-2-16/26

AUTHORS: Zhabotinskiy, M. Ye. and Zil'berman, P. Ye.

TITLE: Dependence of the Frequency of Quartz Oscillators on the Power Dissipated in Quartz (O zavisimosti chastoty

kvartsevykh generatorov ot moshchnosti, rasseivayemoy v

kvartse)

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika i Elektronika, 1958, Vol.III, No.2, pp. 276 - 277 (USSR).

ABSTRACT: It is shown that the thermal balance in a quartz crystal can be described by Eq.(1), where $\vartheta(t)$ is the difference between the temperature of quartz and that of the surrounding medium, m is the mass of the quartz resonator, c is its specific thermal capacitance, k is the heat transfer coefficient and W(t) is the power dissipated in quartz. On the other hand, it is shown that the power dissipated in quartz can be expressed by Eq.(2), where V is the voltage across the quartz crystal, R is the quartz equivalent resistance, L is the inductance, ω_0 is the series resonant

frequency and ω is the parallel resonant frequency. From Eqs.(1) and (2), it is possible to derive an equation for the temperature variation as a function of V. Eqs.(1) and (2) show that if the amplitude of V varies by about 1 db, the Cardl/2

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109-3-2-16/26

Dependence of the Frequency of Quartz Oscillators on the Power Dissipated in Quartz

resulting frequency instability is of the order of 10^{-13} . This figure is much lower than that quoted by Felch and Israel (Ref.1). The authors express their gratitude to D.N. Klyshko for his help in the measurement of the transient temperature of quartz crystals.

There are 4 references, 3 of which are English and 1 Russian.

ASSOCIATION:

Institute of Radio Engineering and Electronics of the Academy of Sciences USSR (Institut radiotekhniki

A elektroniki AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED:

October 18, 1957

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Uard 2/2

1. Crystal oscillators-Analysis

Zhabotinskiy, M.Ye. AUTHOR:

109-3-2-26/26

TITLE:

The Twelfth General Assembly of URSI (XII general nava

assambleya URSI) (News Item)

PERIODICAL:

Radiotekhnika i Elektronika, 1958, Vol.III, No.2, pp. 300 - 304 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The assembly took place in Bolder, Colorado, USA, during August 22 - September 5, 1957. It was attended by the representatives of various countries, including a Soviet delegation consisting of sixteen scientists and engineers. The Soviet delegation was headed by Academician V.A. Kotel'nikov. The Soviet scientists took part in the activities of the assembly. Five Soviet scientists read papers at the meetings of the Committee I, and six scientists delivered lectures at the Committee II. There was one Soviet lecture at the Committees III and IV and two Soviet papers were read at the Committee V. Three Soviet scientists delivered lectures at the meetings of Committee IV and a special seminar was organised by the Soviet delegation towards the end of the conference, at which lectures were delivered by V.A. Krasil'nikov, A.M. Prokhorov and V.I. Siforov.

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Card 1/1

1. Radio engineering-Conference

307-109-3-4-20/28

AUTHORS: Vasneva, G. A., Grigor'yants, V. V., Zhabotinskiy, li. Ye, Klyshko, D. N., Sverdlov, Yu. L. and Sverchkov, Ye. I.

TITLE: Frequency Standard with a Molecular Oscillator (Reper chastoty s molekulyarnym generatorom)

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika i Elektronika, 1958, Vol.5, Nr 4, pp 569-570 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Description and block diagram are given of a molecular oscillator which was employed for the calibration of quartz crystals operating at a frequency of 1 Mc/s. The frequency of the oscillator was compared with the 23,868th harmonic of the frequency of the investigated crystal and an accuracy better than 10⁻⁹ was attained. There is 1 figure and 2 references, one of which is Soviet and 1 English.

ASSOCIATION: Institut radiotekhniki i elektroniki AN SSSR (Institute of Radio Engineering and Electronics of the AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: December 3, 1957

1. Oscillators--Applications 2. Quartz crystals--Calibration

Card 1/1

06502 sov/141-58-4-18/26

AUTHORS:

Zhabotinskiy, M.Ye., Klyshko, D.N. and Sverchkov, Ye.I.

TITLE:

Accurate Comparison of Neighbouring Frequencies by Means of Computing Systems (Tochnoye sravneniye

blizkikh chastot pri pomoshchi pereschetnykh skhem)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Radiofizika,

1958, Nr 4, pp 137-141 (USSR)

An equipment is described which permitted the frequency measurement with an error of 10-10, the duration of ABSTRACT:

the measurement being of the order of a few seconds. The equipment is illustrated diagrammatically in Fig 1 on p 139. The measured frequency f and the frequency of a standard oscillator fl are shaped into

narrow "spiky" pulses by means of two identical circuits; each circuit contains a resistance

capacitance amplifier, a pulse forming stage and a

wideband pulse amplifier. The two pulse trains obtained in this manner are applied to a mixer-coincidence detector which is normally closed by a negative bias and is opened only when the two pulses coincide. The mixer-detector is terminated with an integrating RC

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06502

SOV/141-58-4-18/26

Accurate Comparison of Neighbouring Frequencies by Means of Computing Systems

circuit which detects the envelope of the pulse beats. The envelope is amplified and limited and afterwards fed to the computing system, type PS-64, which divides the pulse repetition frequency by an even number n = 2, 8 or 32; number n can be chosen so as to satisfy the required accuracy of the measurement. The output pulses from the computing system trigger an asymetrical multi-vibrator. The voltage from the cathode of the multi-vibrator is applied to a gate circuit whose amplification is changed thereby stepwise by 30 db. The control grid of the gate tube is supplied with the pulses from an auxiliary oscillator fo. Consequently the gate circuit transmits pulses of frequency fo during a period nT. Afterwards the gate is closed for a duration nT. During the latter period the indication of the computer is read out and the computer then reset to zero. The measurement of the frequency f is done in accordance with the formula:

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06502

sov/141-58-4-18/26

Accurate Comparison of Neighbouring Frequencies by Means of Computing Systems

$$f = f_1 + F = f_1 + nf_0/m$$

where n is the dividing coefficient of the auxiliary computing system, while m is the reading of the principal computing system. The equipment can be employed at frequencies ranging from 10-3000 kc/s. There is I figure and 2 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Institut radiotekhniki i elektroniki AN SSSR (The Institute of Radio Engineering and Electronics of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

SUBMITTED: 25th November 1957

Card 3/3

AUTHORS:

Zhabotinskiy, M. Ye., Zil'berman, P. Ye. 20-119-5-21/59

TITLE:

Fluctuations in Quartz Crystal Generators (O fluktuatsiyakh v kvartsevykh generatorakh)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol. 119, Nr 5,

pp. 918-921 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The problem of the fluctuation-dependent stability limit of the frequency of quartz crystal generators has not been solved until now. The present work is showing a way for this and gives the results of the investigations of the fluctuations in the quartz crystal generators used in practice. In this symbolic differential equations are solved by means of the method of small parameters. In the problems of the fluctuations in systems of autovibration only the spectral range of the fluctuations contained within the limits of the bands plays a part. It is a characteristic feature of quartz crystal generators that they have two greatly differing bands: the first is dependent on the time constant of the circuit regenerated by

Card 1/4 3

20-119-5-21/59

Fluctuations in Quartz Crystal Generators

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the valve, and the second one on the time constant of the quartz crystal generator. The second band is essentially more narrow than the first. The autovibration system in quartz is described by the equations

more national quartz is described by the equations
$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + x = \mu f(x, \frac{dx}{dt}, y, \frac{dy}{dt}, \mu) + \mu^2 F_1(t); \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + y = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + x = \mu f(x, \frac{dx}{dt}, y, \frac{dy}{dt}, \mu) + \mu^3 F_1(t)$$
 and $F_2(t)$

$$= \mu^2 g(x, \frac{dx}{dt}, y, \frac{dy}{dt}, \mu) + \mu^3 F_2(t)$$
 F₁(t) and F₂(t) denote

steady random functions. The deduction of the vibration amplitude of quartz in relation to the time t has to be considered a magnitude of higher order of smallness with respect to μ than the deduction of the vibration amplitude of the circuit. The solution of the above system of the circuit. The solution of the above system of equations is put down in the form $x = P \cos(t - \varphi) + e^{-t} \cos(t - \varphi) + e^{-t}$

+ Q sin(t - Y) + M(narmonic), y - A to the connection of the + μ^2 (harmonic). In consequence of the connection of the circuit and the quartz terms will enter the equations for the fluctuations which are determined by the fluctuations in quartz. Also the opposite is the case.

Card 2/43

Fluctuations in Quartz Crystal Generators

20-119-5-21/59

The analysis is carried out for two typical oscillator circuits and for a retardation circuit. The equations resulting in first approximation for the fluctuations are put down in detail. The phase of the quartz does not fluctuate in first approximation, the corresponding equation in second approximation is put down and its further treatment is traced. The amplitude fluctuations of quartz accelerate a little the increase of the phase compared to the intermediary range. The initial reaction of the mean square of the starting of the phase has almost no influence on the spectral band. Analogously also the oscillator circuit with the quartz in the enode, as well as the retardation circuit were investigated. A comparison with experiment shows the following: The Schrot fluctuations and the thermal fluctuations are not decisive for the stability of the frequency of the quartz crystal generators and the stability limit of these generators dependent on the fluctuations has not yet been reached. The authors thank S. M. Rytov for his valuable discussion. There are 2 figures, 1 table, and 4 references,

Card 3/45

Inst. Radio Engineering and Electronics, AS USSR

